Report of the Ear and Throat Department of the Military Hospital, Vienna. Field (504) relates some *Aural Cases from South Africa.* They include bullet-wounds, injuries, and exposure to both concussions and weather, causing various aural diseases.

NOTES.

The Otological Society of the United Kingdom held its second annual dinner, which was very largely attended and by members from a great distance, at the Café Monico on December 2. Amongst the guests were the Presidents of the Medical Society (Dr. Allchin) and of the Pathological Society (Mr. Watson Cheyne), Sir Thomas Barlow, Sir James Crichton Browne, Dr. Ferrier, Sir Felix Semon, Mr. Bernard Pitts, and Professor Young (Manchester). In proposing "The Society," Sir James Crichton Browne spoke of the separation of otology from laryngology, and humorously expressed the danger of this fissiparous division going too far, and the possibility of there arising a cochlear, a labyrinthine, and a semicircular society. The President (Sir William Dalby) replied to the toast, and spoke of the good work done by the Society. "The Health of the Guests" was proposed by Mr. Stephen Paget and acknowledged by Sir Thomas Barlow, who expressed the hope that members of the Otological Society, after their deliberations on matters of technique and pathology, would bring the fruits of their labours to the larger societies, so as to maintain the unity of medicine. Mr. Ballance proposed the health of "The Society's First President"; and Sir William Dalby acknowledged the honour as being one he appreciated most highly in his thirty-five years of practice.

A New Italian Special Journal.—We have received a copy of the first number of an Italian journal designated *Raccolte di Memorie Italiana sulla Laryngologia, Rhinologia ed Otoiatria,* by Dr. Ignazio Dionisio, and published in Turin. This journal is issued in French and Italian, all articles being published in both languages, and it will contain nothing but special and original articles; whilst, for the benefit of foreigners, it is, as we have said, to be published also with a French translation. The next number is to be published in January. The first issued contains two contributions to the study of intubation of the larynx, one by Dr. Ignazio Dionisio, "The Causes of Obstruction and of Expulsion of the Tubes from the Larynx, and the Means of Overcoming them," the other by

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Dr. Adolpho Casassa, "Results Obtained by Employing Perforated Tubes."

We have much pleasure in welcoming this addition to the literature of our speciality, especially as it will ensure an increased amount of original work being laid before the profession. We may add that the subscription price is two francs for four numbers.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE OTOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.

Annual General Meeting, held at Chandos Street, Cavendish Square, Monday, December 2, 1901.

SIR WILLIAM B. DALBY, *President, in the Chair.*

THE following officers were elected for the Session 1901-1902:

President: Professor Urban Pritchard.

Vice-Presidents: Drs. P. McBride, Edward Law, and Arthur Sandford.

Hon. Treasurer: Mr. A. E. Cumberbatch.

Hon. Librarian: Mr. E. Cresswell Baber.

Editor of Transactions: Mr. A. H. Cheatle.

Hon. Secretaries: Drs. W. Milligan and W. Jobson Horne.

Council: Sir W. Dalby, Drs. A. Bronner and Dundas Grant, Messrs. C. A. Ballance and Stephen Paget, and Professor John Story.

The following cases and specimens were shown:

A Case of Removal of Necrosed Labyrinth. Communicated by Mr. RICHARD LAKE.

Mr. CHEATLE said he had not seen such a complete specimen.

A Case of Visible Transmission of Pulsation to a Scar in the Membrana Tympani. Shown by Dr. COBBLEDICK (introduced by Mr. Lake).

A Patient upon whom the complete Mastoid Operation had been performed with "Grafting." Shown by Dr. W. MILLIGAN.

The patient, a female, aged thirty-two, had suffered for many years from right-sided suppurative middle-ear disease. The perforation was situated in the anterior portion of Shrapnell's membrane, and was partially blocked by a tuft of granulation tissue. The discharge was very fœtid. Attacks of pain were frequent. The hearing-power was one-fortieth of the normal.

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