BIOGRAPHICAL APPENDIX

Entries are ordered alphabetically according to the name most commonly used in the correspondence in this volume. If individuals' roles changed during the four Conservative administrations covered, the month in which the change took place (where known) has been listed. The biographies are not intended to be comprehensive guides to individual lives, but to contextualize roles during the particular administrations considered.

Aberdeen, George Hamilton-Gordon, fourth Earl of (1784–1860), Conservative Foreign Secretary, 1828–1830 and 1841–1846; Prime Minister, Whig–Peelite coalition, 1852–1855.

Addington, Henry Unwin (1790–1870), permanent under-secretary at the Foreign Office, 1842–1854.

Albert, Prince (Francis) Augustus Charles Emmanuel of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha (1819–1861), married Queen Victoria 1840; Prince Consort 1857.

Albert Edward, Prince (1841–1910), Prince of Wales, 1841–1901; as Edward VII, King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and Emperor of India, 1901–1910.

Alexander II (1818–1881), Tsar of Russia, 1855–1881.

Andrássy, **Count Gyula** (1823–1890), Foreign Minister of Austria-Hungary, 1871–1879.

Antonelli, Giacomo (1806–1876), Cardinal Secretary of State, Vatican, 1848 and March 1852–November 1876.

Apponyi, Rudolf, Graf Apponyi von Nagy- (1812–1876), Austrian minister in London, 1856–1860; Austrian ambassador, 1860–1871.

Augustenburg, Christian August, Duke of (1798–1869), representative of the cadet branch of the Danish royal family; claimed to rule over Schleswig and Holstein, 1848; renounced claim, 1852. His son, Frederick, claimed the duchies in the 1860s.

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Azeglio, Victor Emmanuel Taparelli, marchese d' (1816–1890), Sardinian minister in London, 1850–1864. To distinguish him from his uncle Massimo, also the Marchese d'Azeglio, he was sometimes known as 'Minimo'.

Barron, Henry Page Turner (1824–1900), paid attaché at Turin, temporarily at Florence, 1851 and 1852. Transferred to Berlin in June 1852. Despite Malmesbury's irritation with his conduct, he remained in the service and retired as Minister Resident at Stuttgart in 1890.

Bernstorff, **Albrecht, Graf von** (1809–1873), Prussian envoy to Naples, 1852–1854; Prussian minister in London, 1854–1862 (and informal intermediary between Britain and Naples while the two nations had no diplomatic relations); ambassador, 1862–1867; ambassador of the North German Confederation, 1867–1871; ambassador of the German Empire, 1871–1873.

Beust, Friedrich Ferdinand, Baron (from December 1868, Count) (1809–1886), prime minister of Saxony, 1853–1866; Austrian foreign minister, October 1866–February 1867; prime minister and foreign minister, February 1867–December 1867; lord chamberlain and foreign minister of Austria-Hungary, December 1867–1871; Austro-Hungarian ambassador to Britain, 1871–1878.

Bismarck, Otto Eduard Leopold (1815–1898), created Prince, 1871; Prime Minister of Prussia, 1862–1873 and 1873–1890; Chancellor of Germany, 1871–1890.

Bloomfield, John Arthur Douglas (1802–1879), second Baron Bloomfield and first Baron Bloomfield of Ciamhaltha; minister in Prussia, 1851–1860; ambassador to Austria, 1860–1871.

Bourke, Robert (1827–1902), Baron Connemara from 1887; parliamentary under-secretary at the Foreign Office, 1874–1880; younger brother of the murdered viceroy of India, Lord Mayo (formerly Lord Naas); the fifteenth Earl of Derby's fellow Conservative MP for King's Lynn, 1868–1869.

Brünnow, Filip Ivanovich, Baron (later Count) (1794–1875), Russian minister in London, 1840–1854 and March 1858–1861; ambassador, 1861–July 1874.

Bulwer, (William) Henry Lytton Earle, later Baron Dalling and Bulwer (1801–1872), minister in Tuscany, 1852–1855; commissioner to the Danubian principalities, 1856–May 1858; ambassador to the Ottoman Empire, May 1858–1865.

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Bunsen, Christian Karl Josias von (from 1858, Freiherr) (1791–1860), Prussian minister in London, 1842–1854.

Buol-Schauenstein, Count Karl Ferdinand (1797–1865), Austrian minister in London, 1851–April 1852; Austrian minister-president and foreign minister, April 1852–August 1859.

Cairns, Hugh McCalmont, first Earl Cairns (1819–1885); Solicitor-General, 1858–1859; Attorney-General, 1866–1868; Lord Chancellor, February–December 1868 and 1874–1880.

Cambridge, Prince George, Duke of (1819–1904), Commander-in-Chief of the Army, 1856–1895.

Canning, Stratford, Viscount Stratford de Redcliffe (1786–1880), ambassador to Constantinople, 1841–February 1858.

Carnarvon, **Henry Howard Molyneux Herbert, fourth Earl of** (1831–1890), parliamentary under-secretary for the Colonies, 1858–1859; Colonial Secretary, 1866–1867 (resigning over reform) and 1874–1878.

Cavour, Camillo, Count Benso di (1810–1861), Prime Minister of Piedmont-Sardinia, November 1852–July 1859 and 1860–1861.

Clarendon, George William Frederick Villiers, fourth Earl of (1800–1870), Whig Viceroy of Ireland, 1847–1852; Whig Foreign Secretary, 1853–1858; Liberal Foreign Secretary, 1865–1866 and 1868–1870.

Colloredo-Wallsee, Count Francis (1799–1859), Austrian ambassador to Britain, 1849–1851 and again, after Buol's elevation, 1852–1856.

Corry, Montagu William Lowry, Baron Rowton (1838–1903), Disraeli's private secretary and confidant from 1866 until Disraeli's death in 1881.

Cowley, Henry Richard Charles Wellesley, first Earl (1804–1884), ambassador to France, 1852–1867.

Crampton, Sir John Fiennes Twistleton (1805–1886), second baronet; minister in the United States, 1852–1856; in Hanover, 1857–1858; in Russia, March 1858–1860; and in Spain, 1860–1869.

Cross, Richard Assheton, first Viscount Cross (1823–1914), protégé of the fifteenth Earl of Derby; Home Secretary, 1874–1880 and 1885–1886; India Secretary, 1886–1892; Lord Privy Seal, 1895–1900.

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Danilo II, Petrović Nejegoš (1826–1860), Prince of Montenegro, 1851–1860.

Decazes, Louis Charles Élie Amanieu, duc (1819–1886), French foreign minister in the governments of MacMahon, de Broglie, Cissey, Buffet, Dufaure, and Simon, November 1873–November 1877.

Derby, Edward Geoffrey Stanley, fourteenth Earl of (1799–1869), Chief Secretary for Ireland, 1830–1833; Colonial Secretary under Grey (Whig), 1833–1834; Colonial Secretary under Peel (Conservative), 1841–1845; leader of the Conservative party from 1846; Prime Minister, 1852, 1858–1859, and 1866–1868.

Derby, Edward Henry Stanley, fifteenth Earl of (1826–1893), parliamentary under-secretary at the Foreign Office, 1852; Colonial Secretary, 1858; India Secretary, 1858–1859; Foreign Secretary, 1866–1868 and 1874–1878. Subsequently served under Gladstone as Liberal Colonial Secretary; later, a Liberal Unionist. Generally referred to in letters from his father and Malmesbury as 'Edward' or 'Stanley'.

Derby, Mary Catherine Stanley, Countess of (1824–1900), neé Sackville-West; formerly married to the second Marquis of Salisbury; after being widowed in 1868, she married the fifteenth Earl of Derby in 1870.

Disraeli, Benjamin, first Earl of Beaconsfield (1804–1881), Chancellor of the Exchequer, 1852, 1858–1859, and 1866–1868; Prime Minister, 1868 and 1874–1880.

Drouyn de L'Huys, Édouard (1805–1881), French foreign minister, 1848–1849, 1851, July 1852–1854, 1855, and 1862–September 1866.

Edward, *see* **Derby, Edward Henry Stanley, fifteenth Earl of**

Eglinton, Archibald William Montgomerie, thirteenth Earl of, and first Earl of Winton (1812–1861), Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, 1852 and 1858–1859.

Elliot, Sir Henry George (1817–1907), minister in Denmark, March 1858–1859; in Naples, 1859–1863; and in Italy, 1863–1867; ambassador to the Ottoman Empire, July 1867–December 1877; and to Austria-Hungary, December 1877–1884.

Erskine, Edward Morris (1817–1883), British minister in Greece, 1864–1872.

Fane, Julian Henry Charles (1827–1870), first secretary and acting chargé d'affaires, Paris; subsequently ran the embassy after Cowley retired, until Lyons arrived as ambassador. Stanley admired his work as protocolist during the Luxembourg conference.

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Fitzgerald, William Robert Seymour Vesey (1816/1818–1885), parliamentary under-secretary of state for the Foreign Office, 1858–1859; Governor of Bombay, 1866–1872.

Friedrich Wilhelm IV (1795–1861), King of Prussia, 1840–1861.

Gladstone, William Ewart (1809–1898), President of the Board of Trade (as a Conservative, under Peel), 1843–1845; Secretary for War and the Colonies, 1845–1846; in 1851, published a denunciation of misgovernment in Naples and Sicily (thereafter he maintained a close interest in Italian affairs); Peelite Chancellor of the Exchequer under Aberdeen, 1852–1855; commissioner extraordinary to the Ionian Islands (appointed by the fourteenth Earl of Derby), 1858–1859; Chancellor of the Exchequer under Palmerston in the first Liberal government, 1859–1866; Liberal Prime Minister, 1868–1874, 1880–1885, 1886, and 1892–1894.

Gorchakov, Prince Aleksandr Mikhailovich (1798–1883), Russian foreign minister, 1856–1882; vice-chancellor, 1862; chancellor, 1867.

Granville, Granville George Leveson-Gower, second Earl (1815–1891), Whig minister in various offices, 1848–1866; Colonial Secretary, 1868–1870 and 1886; Foreign Secretary, 1851–1852, 1870–1874, and 1880–1885. Led the Liberal Party in the Lords, 1859–1891, with a short break in the 1860s after Russell's return to the premiership.

Grey, General Charles (1804–1870), son of the reforming Prime Minister; private secretary to Prince Albert, 1849–1861, and to Queen Victoria, 1861–1870.

Hammond, Edmund (1802–1890), permanent under-secretary at the Foreign Office, 1854–1873; created Baron Hammond of Kirkella, 1874.

Harcourt, George, marquis d' (1808–1883), French ambassador to Britain, 1875–1879. Sometimes confused with his namesake and predecessor, Bernard Hippolyte Marie, Comte d'Harcourt (1821–1912), French ambassador to Britain, 1872–1873.

Hardinge, Henry, first Viscount Hardinge of Lahore (1785–1856), master-general of the ordnance, March–September 1852.

Hardy, **Gathorne Gathorne-, first Earl of Cranbrook** (1814–1906), parliamentary under-secretary to the Home Office, 1858–1859; President of the Poor Law Board, 1866–1867; Home Secretary, 1867–1868; Secretary for War, 1874–1878; created Viscount Cranbrook, 1878, when he also adopted the extra Gathorne (Earl, 1892).

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Hornby, Sir Geoffrey Thomas Phipps (1825–1895), vice-admiral; cousin to the fifteenth Earl of Derby; Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean fleet, January 1877–1880; it was he who would take the fleet through the Dardanelles in February 1878.

Howard, Henry George (1818–1879), secretary of embassy in Vienna, 1851–1853; chargé d'affaires during Westmorland's absence, 29 July–7 September and 8 November–23 December 1852.

Hudson, Sir James (1810–1885), minister in Piedmont-Sardinia, January 1852–1861; ambassador to Italy, 1861–1863.

Hunt *see* **Ward Hunt, George**

Ignatiev, Nikolai Pavlovich, Count (1832–1908), Russian ambassador at Constantinople and a leading Pan-Slav.

La Tour d'Auvergne-Lauraguais, **Henri Godefroy Bernard Alphonse, Prince de** (1823–1871), French ambassador to Britain, 1864–1869; served two brief terms as foreign minister in 1869 and 1870.

La Vallette, Charles Jean Marie Félix, marquis de (1806–1881), acting French foreign minister until Moustier returned from Constantinople; later his successor as foreign minister, December 1868–1869.

Layard, Austen Henry (1817–1894), ambassador to Madrid, 1869–1877, and thereafter to Constantinople, 1877–1880.

Leopold I of Saxe-Coburg (1790–1865), King of Belgium, 1831–1865.

Loftus, Lord Augustus William Frederick Spencer (1817–1904), minister in Austria, March 1858–1860; in Prussia, 1860–1863; and in Bavaria, 1863–1866; ambassador to Prussia, February 1866–March 1868; to the North German Confederation, March 1868–1871; and to Russia, 1871–April 1879. Disraeli and the fifteenth Earl of Derby nicknamed him 'Don Pomposo Magnifico'.

Lyons, Richard Beckerton Pemell (1817–1887), second Baron Lyons 1858, Earl Lyons 1887; special mission to Naples to resolve *Cagliari* affair, 1858; minister in the United States, 1858–1865; ambassador to the Ottoman Empire, 1865–1867; appointed ambassador to France by Stanley in 1867.

MacMahon, Marie Edmé Patrice Maurice de (1808–1893), duc de Magenta, President of France, 1873–1879. His peerage followed his victorious leadership of the French forces at the Battle of Magenta in 1859, during the Second Italian War.

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Malmesbury, James Howard Harris, third Earl of (1807–1889), Foreign Secretary, 1852 and 1858–1859; Lord Privy Seal, 1866–1868 and 1874–1876.

Manners, Lord John, seventh Duke of Rutland (1818–1906), finally succeeded to the dukedom in 1888; Commissioner of Woods and Forests, 1852; First Commissioner of Works and Public Buildings, 1858–1859 and 1866–1868; Postmaster-General, 1874–1880.

Manteuffel, Otto (Theodor), Freiherr von (1805–1882), Prussian foreign minister and minister-president, 1850–November 1858; a constitutional conservative and negotiator of the Olmutz Punktation.

Montgelas, Rudolf Ernst Emil Simeon Maria Franz von Sales, Count de Garnerin de la Thuille von (1843–1915), a younger son of the third Count Montgelas and Elizabeth Jemima Watts-Russell; secretary at the Austrian Embassy; central to the erratic secret negotiations between Disraeli and Andrássy in late 1877 and early 1878; transferred to Constantinople; subsequently dismissed in scandalous circumstances, 1880.

Moustier, Lionel, marquis de (1817–1869); French foreign minister, September 1866–December 1868; previously served as French ambassador in Constantinople.

Münster-Ledenburg, Count Georg Herbert zu (1820–1902), German ambassador to Britain, 1873–1885; subsequently ambassador to France; created Prince, 1899.

Musurus, Constantine (1807–1891), variously described by contemporaries as Musurus Bey or Musurus Pasha; Turkish minister in Austria, 1848–1851; minister in London, 1851–1856; ambassador to Britain, 1856–1885.

Naas, Lord, Richard Southwell Bourke, sixth Earl of Mayo (1822–1872), known from 1849 until 1867 by the courtesy title of Lord Naas; Chief Secretary for Ireland, 1852, 1858–1859, and 1867–1868; Viceroy of India, 1868–1872 (assassinated).

Nesselrode, Count Karl Robert Vasilyevich (1780–1862), Russian foreign minister, 1817–1856; vice chancellor, 1828; chancellor, 1845.

Northcote, Sir Stafford Henry (1818–1887), first Earl of Iddesleigh; President of the Board of Trade, 1866–March 1867; Secretary of State for India, March 1867–1868; Chancellor of the Exchequer, 1874–1880; Leader of the House of Commons, February 1877–1880; briefly Foreign Secretary (as Iddesleigh) under Salisbury, 1886–1887.

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Northumberland, Algernon Percy, fourth Duke of (1792–1865), First Lord of the Admiralty, 1852.

Pakington, John Somerset (1799–1880), first Baron Hampton; Secretary of State for War and the Colonies, 1852; First Lord of the Admiralty, 1858–1859 and 1866–March 1867; Secretary of State for War, March 1867–1868.

Palmerston, Henry John Temple, third Viscount (1784–1865), Whig Foreign Secretary, 1830–1834, 1835–1841, and 1846–1851; Home Secretary, 1852–1855; Prime Minister, 1855–1858 and (in first Liberal government) 1859–1865.

Pélissier, Aimable Jean Jacques, duc de Malakoff (1794–1864), Persigny's replacement as French ambassador to Britain, 1858–1859; French commander-in-chief in the latter part of the Crimean War. A popular figure in Britain.

Persigny, **Jean Gilbert Victor Fialin, comte de** (duc, 1863) (1808–1872), French ambassador to Britain, 1855–1858 and 1859–1860.

Pius IX, Giovanni Maria Mastai-Ferretti, Pope (1792–1878), 'Pio Nono', 1846–1878.

Prussia, Prince of, *see* **Wilhelm I**

Raglan, *see* **Somerset, Lord FitzRoy**

Richmond, Charles Henry Gordon-Lennox, sixth Duke of (1818–1903), President of the Board of Trade, 1867–1868; Lord President of the Council, 1874–1880.

Russell, Lord John, first Earl Russell (1792–1878), Whig Prime Minister, 1846–1852; Leader of the House of Commons, 1852–1855; Foreign Secretary, 1852–1853 (held with the leadership of the House); again Foreign Secretary, 1859–1865; Liberal Prime Minister (as Earl Russell), 1865–1866.

Russell, Odo William Leopold (1829–1884), first Baron Ampthill, Britain's unofficial envoy to the Vatican, November 1858–1870; ambassador to Germany, 1871–1884.

Salisbury, Robert Gascoyne-Cecil, third Marquis of (1830–1903), India Secretary, 1866–1867 (as Viscount Cranborne) and 1874–1878 (as Salisbury, his title inherited in 1868); Foreign Secretary, 1878–1880; Conservative Prime Minister, 1885–1886, 1886–1892, and 1895–1902.

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Sanderson, Thomas Henry (1841–1923), later Baron Sanderson, private secretary to the fifteenth Earl of Derby, 1866–1868 and 1874–1878, and to Earl Granville, 1880–1885; Permanent Under-Secretary, Foreign Office, 1894–1906. John Vincent speculates that he 'may have been the son Derby and Lady Derby never had' (*DD*, p. 9).

Scarlett, Peter Campbell (1804–1881), secretary of legation in Florence, 1844–1855; minister in Tuscany, December 1858–1860.

Schwarzenberg, Felix Fürst zu (1800–1852), Austrian minister-president and foreign minister, 1848–April 1852.

Schouvaloff, *see* **Shuvalov Pyotr Andreyevich, Count**

Seymour, Sir George Hamilton (1797–1880), British minister in Russia, 1851–1854; envoy to the Vienna peace talks in 1855.

Shuvalov, Pyotr Andreyevich, Count (1827–1889), Russian ambassador to Britain, 1874–1879.

Smith, William Henry (1825–1891), newsagent and Conservative politician; Financial Secretary to the Treasury, 1874–1878; First Lord of the Admiralty following George Ward Hunt's death in 1877 (until 1880).

Somerset, Lord FitzRoy (1788–1855), Baron Raglan from 18 October 1852; lieutenant-general; military secretary to the Commander-in-Chief of the Army, 1827–1852; Master-General of the Ordnance, September 1852.

Stanley, *see* **Derby, Edward Henry Stanley, fifteenth Earl of**

Stratford, *see* **Canning, Stratford, Viscount Stratford de Redcliffe**

Tenterden, Charles Abbott, third Baron (1834–1882), permanent under-secretary at the Foreign Office, 1873–1882.

Thouvenel, Édouard Antoine de (1818–1866), senior French diplomat; ambassador to Constantinople, 1855–1860; foreign minister, 1860–1862.

Turgot, Louis Félix Étienne, marquis de (1796–1866), French foreign minister, 1851–July 1852.

Van de Weyer, Sylvain (1802–1874), Belgian minister in London, 1831–June 1867.

Victor Emmanuel II (1820–1878), King of Piedmont-Sardinia, 1849–1861; first King of Italy, 1861–1878.

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Victoria (1819–1901), Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, 1837–1901; proclaimed Empress of India, 1877.

Wales, Prince of, *see* **Albert Edward, Prince**

Walewski, Alexandre Florian Joseph Colonna, comte de (duc, 1866) (1810–1868), French ambassador to Britain, 1851–1855; French foreign minister, 1855–1860.

Walpole, Spencer Horatio (1806–1898), Home Secretary, 1852, 1858–March 1859 (until his resignation over reform), and 1866–May 1867 (until his resignation over the handling of the Hyde Park reform meeting), after which he remained in Cabinet as minister without office.

Ward Hunt, George (1825–1877), Financial Secretary to the Treasury, 1866–1868; Chancellor of the Exchequer, 1868; First Lord of the Admiralty from the formation of the Conservative government in 1874 until his death on 29 July 1877.

Wellesley, Frederick Arthur (1844–1931), lieutenant-colonel, 1875; military attaché at St Petersburg, 1871–1878; made aide-de-camp to Queen Victoria, January 1878; secretary of embassy, Vienna, April 1878–August 1879; retired from army, 1881.

Westmorland, John Fane, eleventh Earl of (1784–1859), ambassador to Austria, 1851–1855.

Wilhelm I (1797–1888), second son of Friedrich Wilhelm III; younger brother of Friedrich Wilhelm IV; Prince Regent of Prussia, October 1858–1861 (in October 1857 he took over royal duties on a 'temporary' basis as his brother's physical and mental state had deteriorated); Wilhelm I, King of Prussia, 1861–1871; Emperor of Germany, 1871–1888.

Wood, Charles (1800–1885), first Viscount Halifax, senior Whig politician occupying a series of ministerial roles; preceded Pakington as First Lord of the Admiralty, 1855–1858.

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