backwards, dividing the roof into an external and an internal part" (p. 6); the frequent occurrence of the petrous cell, "a large cell lined with compact bone below and internal to the cancellous mass, just behind the descending part of the facial nerve, which, indeed, sometimes runs through the cell before emerging at the stylo-mastoid foramen" (p. 21); the remains of the petro-squamosal sinus, which in fœtal life passes "along the roof of the antrum and middle ear in the course of the petro-squamous suture and emerging at an opening in front of the meatus" (p. 113). The anatomy of the labyrinth, from the surgical standpoint, is fully detailed, and the important relations of its several parts are interestingly exposed in the enumeration of the structures endangered, and, therefore, to be avoided during operations upon them (pp. 29—37). This very "objective" contribution to our knowledge of the temporal bone will not disappoint any reader who can appreciate an original appeal to Nature at first hand, as distinguished from a second-hand *réchauffé* of observations and traditions derived from other writers.

The British Sanatoria Annual, with numerous illustrations, 1907–8. John Bale, Sons & Danielsson, Ltd.

This annual should be at the elbow of everyone who is likely to be called upon to advise as to the choice of a sanatorium for a consumptive patient. Its contents make a list of thirty-eight private sanatoria and forty-three which are free or that take patients at reduced fees, or on special terms or conditions. The latter are fairly distributed over the United Kingdom, but the former chiefly in the southern half of England and in various parts of Scotland, two, however, being in Ireland. The terms are plainly set forth—a point of great importance, and the main characteristics of the sanatoria are briefly described. It is interesting to see how many institutions are available for the reception, treatment, and instruction of consumptives withoutt ravelling far from home. This book will be extremely useful in making them known both to the medical and lay public.

BOOKS RECEIVED.

Cruet, Dr. *Maladies de la Bouche.* With a preface by Professor Lannelongue. Second Edition. Paris: Masson et Cie. 1907.

Manuel des Maladies du Tube Digestif. Vol. I: Bouche, Pharynx, Œsophage, Estomac, by Drs. Paisseau, Rathery, and Ch. Roux, with figures in the text. Paris: Masson et Cie. 1907. Price 14 francs.

NOTICE.

Fresh arrangements have been made to ensure the punctual issue of this Journal, both in the interests of readers and advertisers. Manuscripts forwarded to the editors will receive punctual attention.

https://doi.org/10.1017/S1755146300179685 Published online by Cambridge University Press