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- Reintroducing the Arabian oryx to the wild
- Establishing the International Gorilla Conservation Programme
- Establishing Vietnam's first locally managed conservation organisation

Collaboration is key to our approach, and wherever possible we work with other global conservation organisations to ensure we are effective and efficient. That's why in 2015 we moved into the David Attenborough Building of the Cambridge Conservation Initiative with several other global conservation groups. Now we are asking you to be part of our wider collaborative work by becoming a Life Member.

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Gary Morrisroe/FFI

"I have been a member of Fauna & Flora International since the 1950s... investment in the work of FFI is truly an investment in the future of our planet"

Sir David Attenborough

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Cover The Ngezi–Vumawimbi Forest Reserve is the largest remaining patch of natural vegetation on Pemba Island, Zanzibar, Tanzania. This evergreen coastal forest is dominated by *Intsia bijuga* (pictured) of the family Fabaceae, a tree valued for its high-quality timber. Its native range is from Madagascar through to Southeast Asia and the Western Pacific, and it is categorized as Near Threatened on the IUCN Red List. Formerly, this species was only known from Pemba Island based on a single herbarium specimen, collected in 1929, but in a 2024 baseline biodiversity survey, researchers found *I. bijuga* widely distributed in the forest. The survey revealed a hitherto unrecognized plant diversity, including species likely new to science, endemic and threatened species, and species not previously recorded on Pemba Island. One of the areas richest in plant diversity is designated for development of a new tourist resort, which would replace most of the unique plant and animal communities found in the Vumawimbi evergreen coastal forest, highlighting the urgent need for conservation measures and sustainable development. For further details, see pp. 131–134. (Photograph © Simone Orsenigo)

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